

TOP SECRET

25X1



23 January 1963



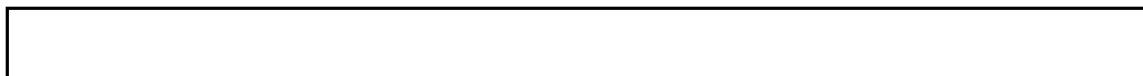
Copy No. C

CA

25X1

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

State Department review
completed



25X1

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

TOP SECRET

25X1

Approved For Release 2004/12/21 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006800190001-6

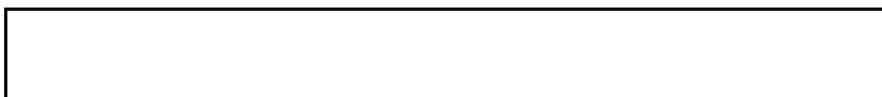
Approved For Release 2004/12/21 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006800190001-6


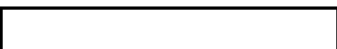
23 January 1963

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

CONTENTS

1. Common Market - Britain: Adenauer - De Gaulle talks have not altered outlook for British accession. (Page 1)
2. Cuba: Chaparra SAM site relocated near Holguin Airfield. (Page 4)



4. East Germany: Changes in top leadership. (Page 6)
5. South Korea: Split in junta threatens transition to "representative" government. (Page 7)
6. Notes: India;  Jordan; 
Peru. (Page 8)

25X1

25X1

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

23 January 1963

DAILY BRIEF

*Common Market--Britain: [To date, the Adenauer - De Gaulle talks do not appear to have materially changed the outlook for Britain's Common Market membership]

[A proposal attributed to Adenauer would further delay any formal rupture in the ministerial talks by temporarily suspending them while the EEC's executive commission drafts a list of outstanding issues and proposed solutions. However, such an exercise would focus on the technical obstacles--rather than De Gaulle's political objections--to Britain's membership, and there would be no guarantee that the talks would soon resume. Moreover, the proposal may be intended primarily to ease Adenauer's problems in obtaining parliamentary approval of his bilateral political accord with De Gaulle]

[The "other five" are trying to maintain their front against the French and may attempt to continue the talks with Britain with an "empty chair" for France. The French are also being given regular warnings of possible retaliation. The Dutch, for example, have let it be known that there are a large number of EEC decisions of interest to the French which still require unanimous approval]

[The Macmillan government is sticking to its public stance that it will accept nothing less than full membership, and its massive efforts to shore up its]

Support within the EEC are still directed toward that end. There is some evidence that London has not categorically ruled out association as an alternative to full membership. According to documents made available by the British to the US Government, the British ambassador in Paris told Couve that he doubted London would embark on another 14 months of talks only to find out that France is opposed to association also.]

[The British are increasingly of the opinion that there is a close connection between De Gaulle's attitude on the accession question and his reaction to the Nassau agreements. In reporting his conversation with Couve, the British ambassador at Paris stated that Couve had agreed that the proposals for a NATO multilateral nuclear force had a "lot to do" with De Gaulle's objections. No response from Couve was reported, however, to the ambassador's suggestion that nothing in the Nassau agreement prevented the development of a European defense policy and the emergence of Europe as an equal partner of the US.]

[In commenting on the situation, the British ambassador hazarded the guess that De Gaulle is really engaged in a broad maneuver to exclude the US from Europe preparatory to some kind of overture to the Soviet Union. On 20 January he reported to London that De Gaulle might suggest to Adenauer that, in view of Chinese pressure on the USSR, it would be possible to make a deal under which Germany could be reunified and France and Germany could live in friendly relations, if not in alliance, with Russia. The ambassador says he made the same point to West Germany's ambassador to NATO. He went so far as to suggest that De Gaulle's vision]

23 Jan 63

DAILY BRIEF

2

25X1

[of a Europe united from the Atlantic to the Urals
might not be just an empty phrase for the distant
future and that he might even be aiming at a "re-
versal of alliances"]

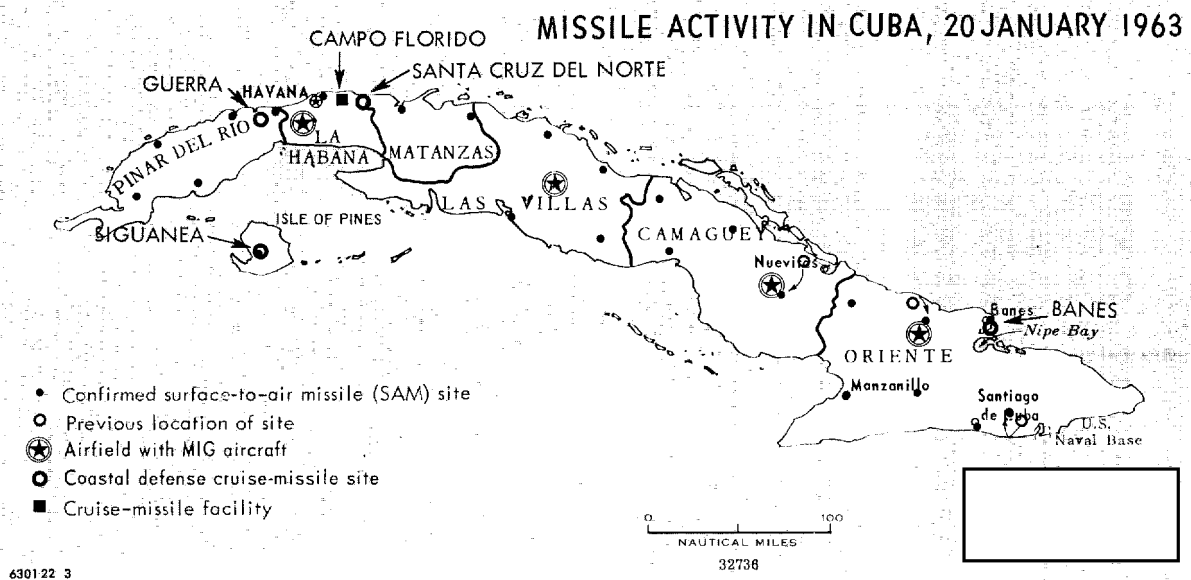
25X1

23 Jan 63

DAILY BRIEF

3

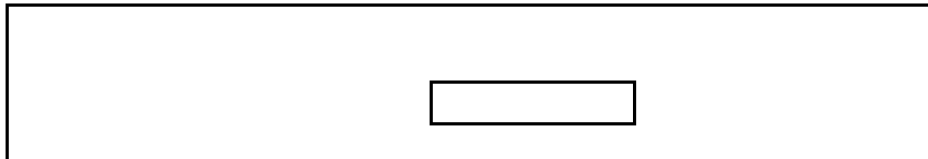
25X1



25X1

25X1

Cuba: The fifth SAM installation in Cuba to be relocated has been moved 11 nautical miles from Chaparra on the north coast of Oriente Province to a site near Holguin Airfield.



25X1

25X1

Two previous shifts of SAM units in Cuba were apparently made to afford greater protection to the important areas of Santiago de Cuba and Camaguey Airfield. Further redeployment of Cuba's 24 SAM sites could occur as experience with local conditions and the requirements of the air defense system warrant.

Photography [redacted] also revealed that cruise-missile equipment has been delivered to a site near Guerra, on the north coast of Pinar del Rio Province several miles west of Mariel. This is the first sighting of cruise-missile equipment here since aerial photography [redacted] first disclosed that a coastal-defense cruise-missile launch site might be under construction. Completion of the installation would bring to four the number of operational cruise-missile sites identified in Cuba.

25X1

25X1

The equipment seen at the Guerra site [redacted] [redacted] may represent a part of the shipment unloaded from the Soviet vessel Simferopol in Havana

25X1

25X1

25X1

23 Jan 63

DAILY BRIEF

4

25X1

Approved For Release 2004/12/21 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006800190001-6

Approved For Release 2004/12/21 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006800190001-6

East Germany: Changes announced on 22 January in the composition of East Germany's top leadership, like the speeches at the recently concluded party congress, suggest that the regime intends to deal more realistically than heretofore with its domestic problems.

Three of the ablest candidate members have been promoted to full membership in the politburo, thus enlarging it from 11 to 14. None of the three is identified with "dogmatic" tendencies. At least two--Paul Froehlich and Paul Verner, party leaders in the important Leipzig and East Berlin districts, respectively--appear to have the requisite qualities for the top party position, as does the re-elected Erich Honecker, who long has been Ulbricht's right-hand man. As these men assume more prominent roles in the party, Ulbricht's authority might gradually be reduced.

The politburo's candidate membership has been radically overhauled with five dropped and seven added. These changes reflect the party's intention to use technically trained men to deal with pressing problems in agriculture and industry and to effect ideological and cultural policies designed to give the regime a more attractive appearance. No significant concessions to the population's hopes for an improvement of its condition seem indicated.

25X1

25X1

23 Jan 63

DAILY BRIEF

6

South Korea: [A split developing in the junta threatens political stability during the current transition to a facade of representative government.]

[Major General Kim Tong-ha, a leader of the senior officers in the ruling Supreme Council, has resigned in protest against moves of junta strongman Kim Chong-pil to dominate the political party the government is organizing. Other council members are reported ready to resign in the belief that early action is required to break Kim Chong-pil's power.]

[Since many of Kim Chong-pil's opponents have ties with service units, a split in the junta could lead to the use of military forces in a struggle for power.]

25X1

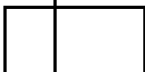
25X1

NOTES

India: [Nehru's qualified acceptance of the Colombo proposals for stabilizing the present ceasefire with Communist China has evoked strong criticism in his own party and other non-Communist

25X1

25X1



25X1

Jordan: A severe drought is adding to the problems of King Husayn's regime, at a time when it already faces widespread political unrest. All of Jordan's livestock are imperiled and a wheat shortage has sharply increased food prices. The drought especially hits the bedouin, who are the bulwark of the regime.

25X1

25X1

23 Jan 63

DAILY BRIEF

8

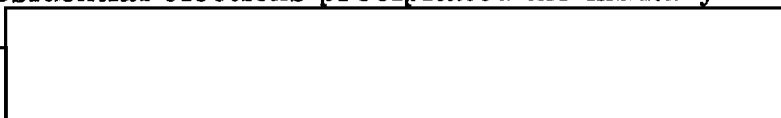
25X1



25X1

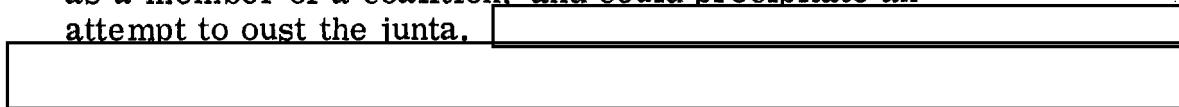
*Peru: The ruling military junta seems to be moving closer to a decision to outlaw the leftist, anti-Communist APRA, whose near victory in last year's presidential elections precipitated the military takeover.

25X1



Outlawing APRA would prevent its participation in the June elections, either independently or as a member of a coalition, and could precipitate an attempt to oust the junta.

25X1



25X1

23 Jan 63

DAILY BRIEF

9

25X1

Approved For Release 2004/12/21 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006800190001-6

THE PRESIDENT

The Vice President

Executive Offices of the White House

Special Counsel to the President

The Special Assistant for National Security Affairs

The Scientific Adviser to the President

The Director of the Budget

The Director, National Aeronautics and Space Administration

The Department of State

The Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Deputy Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Counselor and Chairman of the Policy Planning Council

The Director of Intelligence and Research

The Treasury Department

The Secretary of the Treasury

The Under Secretary of the Treasury

The Department of Defense

The Secretary of Defense

The Deputy Secretary of Defense

The Secretary of the Army

The Secretary of the Navy

The Secretary of the Air Force

The Assistant Secretary of Defense (International Security Affairs)

The Assistant Secretary of Defense

The Chairman, The Joint Chiefs of Staff

Chief of Naval Operations, United States Navy

Chief of Staff, United States Air Force

Chief of Staff, United States Army

Commandant, United States Marine Corps

U.S. Rep., Military Committee and Standing Group, NATO

Supreme Allied Commander, Europe

Commander in Chief, Pacific

Commander in Chief, Atlantic

The Director, Defense Intelligence Agency

The Director, The Joint Staff

The Director for Intelligence, The Joint Staff

The Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence, Department of Army

The Director of Naval Intelligence, Department of Navy

The Assistant Chief of Staff, Intelligence, Department of the Air Force

The Department of Justice

The Attorney General

The Federal Bureau of Investigation

The Director

The Atomic Energy Commission

The Chairman

The National Security Agency

The Director

The United States Information Agency

The Director

The National Indications Center

The Director

Approved For Release 2004/12/21 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006800190001-6

Approved For Release 2004/12/21 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006800190001-6

TOP SECRET

Approved For Release 2004/12/21 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006800190001-6

TOP SECRET